Interlock Switches
Interlock Switches with Solenoid

HS6B
HS6E

Compact with three poles of contacts. (HS6B)
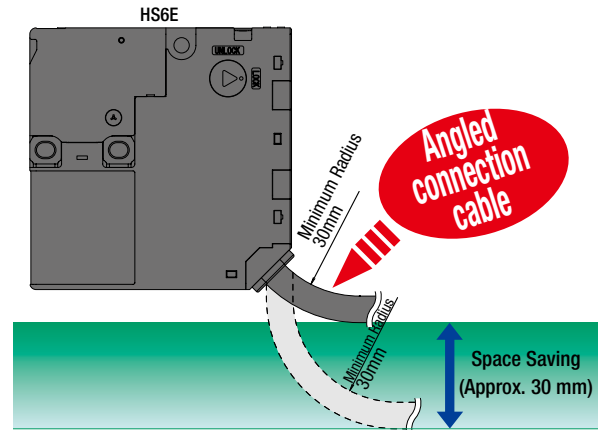
Small interlock switch with five poles and solenoid. (HS6E)

(except some models)

• See website for details on approvals and standards.

Space saving design with angled connection cable

HS6E

Minimum Radius 30mm

Angled connection cable

Minimum Radius 30mm

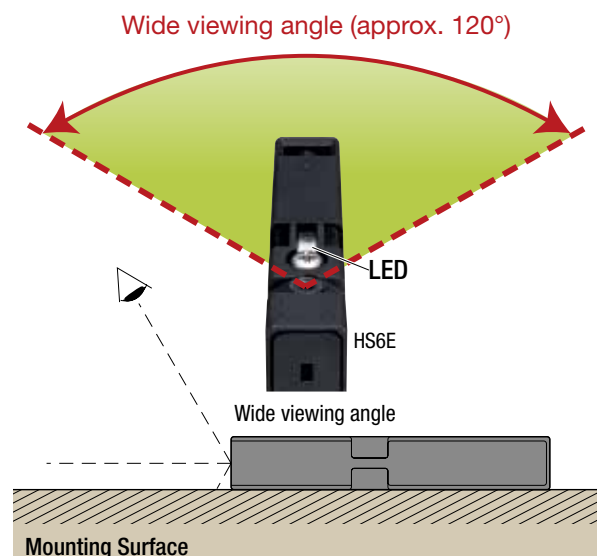Space Saving (Approx. 30 mm)

Manual Unlocking Possible from Three Directions

The actuator can be unlocked manually with manual unlocks on either sides of the switch body (HS6E)

When unlocking with manual unlocks

Make a key access hole in the wall for manual unlocking.
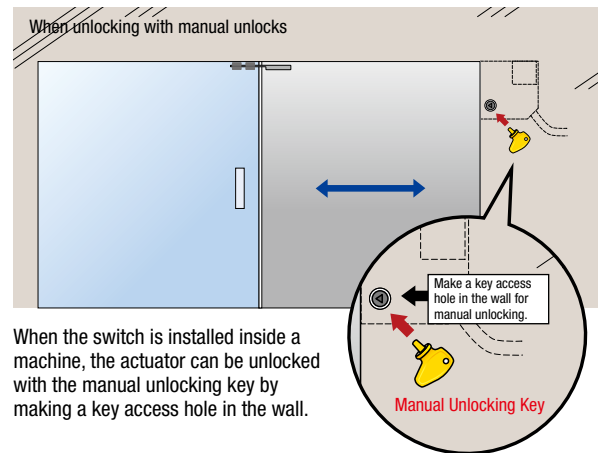
When the switch is installed inside a machine, the actuator can be unlocked with the manual unlocking key by making a key access hole in the wall.

Manual Unlocking Key

Optically enhanced lens provides for wide viewing angle for power indicator

Wide viewing angle (approx. 120°)

LED

HS6E

Wide viewing angle

Mounting Surface

Model	Features	Page
HS6B	Without Solenoid	E–007
HS6E	With Solenoid	E–011

For more information, visit http://eu.idec.com

Application Example

Contributes to downsizing of semiconductor manufacturing equipment. Thinnest safety door switches on the market.
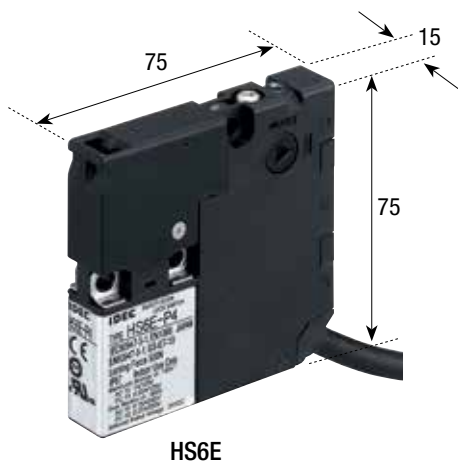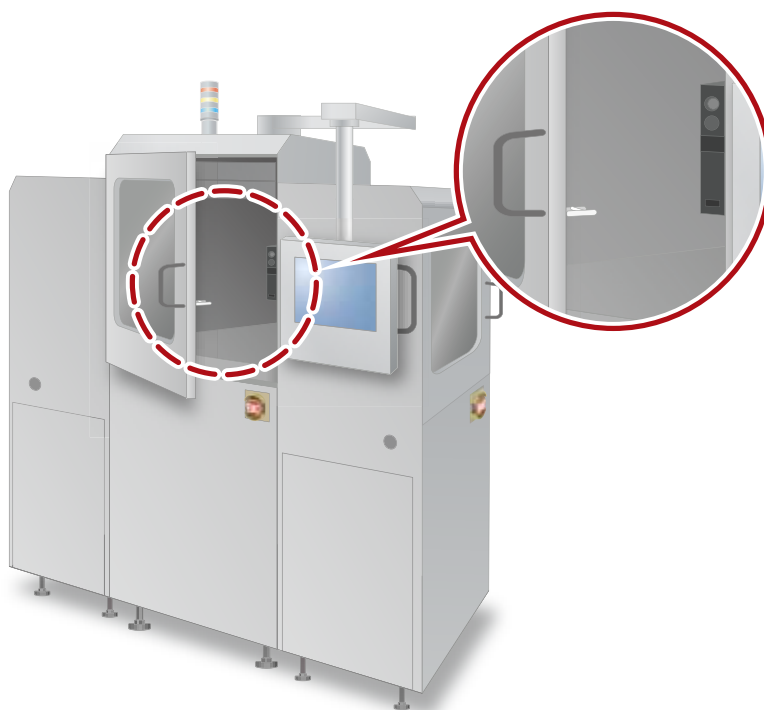
Downsizing equipment used inside clean rooms

As clean rooms cannot be easily expanded, the demand for downsizing of equipment is high to utilize limited space. However, even if downsizing is mechanically possible, the size of each part becomes a bottleneck and equipment cannot be made smaller in many cases.

For example, when using parts that comply with SEMI standards, by considering safety, it is difficult to find the appropriate size for parts and end up wasting space. Many of the semiconductor manufacturing equipment manufacturers most likely want to use small parts.

Thinnest door lock switches in its class expands flexibility in design

HS6E

HS6B

Dimensions in mm.

⬇ **Download catalogs and CAD from http://eu.idec.com/downloads**

HS6B Subminiature Interlock Switches

Compact interlock switch with three poles of contacts.

- Compact size: 30 × 15 × 78 mm
- Dual contacts and monitor contacts achieve the highest safety category (ISO 13849-1, EN 954-1)
- Two actuator entry slots provide flexibility for installation options.
- Integral cable design minimizes wiring, preventing wiring mistakes.
- Can be mounted in two directions.
- Degree of protection (contacts): IP67 (IEC 60529) Housing allows drainage.
- NC contacts are direct opening action (IEC/EN 60947-5-1).
- Proprietary actuators prevent unauthorized opening of the contacts (ISO14119, EN1088).

Interlock Switch

Contact Configuration	Cable Length	Part No. (Ordering Part No.)
1NC-1NO	1m	HS6B-11B01
	3m	HS6B-11B03
	5m	HS6B-11B05
2NC	1m	HS6B-02B01
	3m	HS6B-02B03
	5m	HS6B-02B05
2NC-1NO	1m	HS6B-12B01
	3m	HS6B-12B03
	5m	HS6B-12B05
3NC	1m	HS6B-03B01
	3m	HS6B-03B03
	5m	HS6B-03B05

- Contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted.
- See E-010 for wiring.

Actuators

Description	Part No. (Ordering Part No.)
Straight Actuator	HS9Z-A61
Right-angle Actuator	HS9Z-A62
Horizontal/vertical Angle Adjustable Actuator (for hinged doors) (Note)	HS9Z-A65
	HS9Z-A66

Note: Select an actuator that moves in the direction required by the hinged door and interlock switch (see E-009 and E-010).

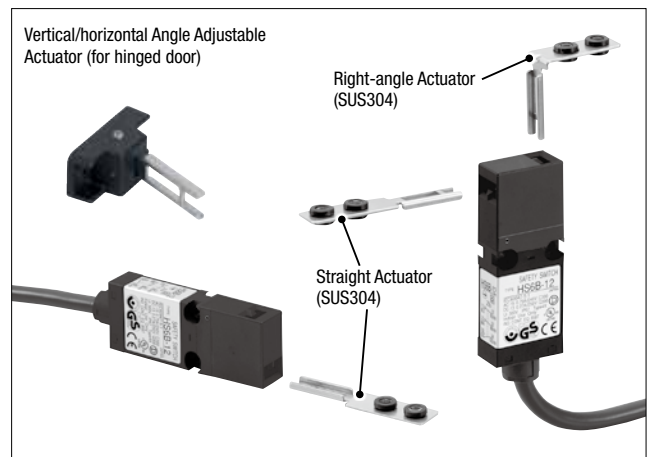- See E-069 for details on actuators and actuator dimensions.

Contact Ratings

Rated Insulation Voltage (Ui)			300V		
Rated Current (Ith)			2.5A		
Rated Voltage (Ue) *			30V	125V	250V
Rated Current (Ie) *	AC	Resistive load (AC-12)	—	2.5A	1.5A
		Inductive Load (AC-15)	—	1.5A	0.75A
	DC	Resistive load (DC-12)	2.5A	1.1A	0.55A
		Inductive Load (DC-13)	2.3A	0.55A	0.27A

- Minimum applicable load (reference): 3V AC/DC, 5mA

Approved ratings

TÜV	AC-15 240V/0.75A DC-13 250V/0.27A DC-13 30V/2.3A
UL/c-UL	240V AC/0.75A Pilot Duty 250V DC/0.27A Pilot Duty C300 Q300
CCC	AC-15 240V/0.75A DC-13 30V/2.3A

Vertical/horizontal Angle Adjustable Actuator (for hinged door)

Right-angle Actuator (SUS304)
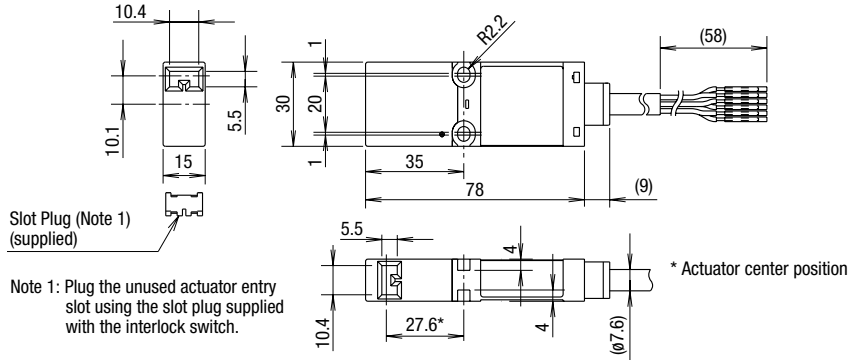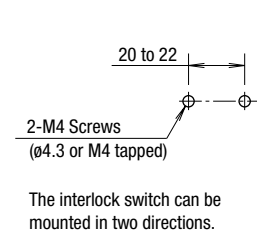
Straight Actuator (SUS304)

Specifications

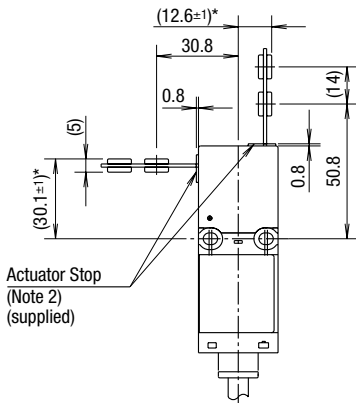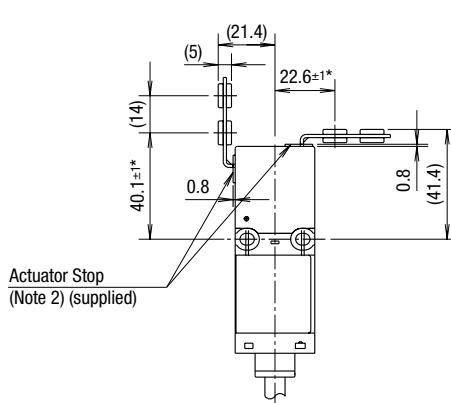| Applicable Standards	ISO14119 EN1088 IEC60947-5-1 EN60947-5-1 (TÜV approved) GS-ET-15 (TÜVapproved) UL508 (UL-listed) CSA C22.2 No. 14 (c-UL-listed) GB14048.5 (CCC approved) KS C IEC60947-5-1/S1-G-1/S2-E-4 (KOSHA approved)
	IEC 60204-1/ EN 60204-1 (applicable standards for use)
Applicable Directive	2006/95/EC (Low Voltage Directive) 2006/42/EC (Machinery Directive)
Operating Temperature	−25 to +70°C (no freezing)
Relative Humidity	45 to 85% (no condensation)
Storage Temperature	−40 to +80°C (no freezing)
Pollution Degree	3
Impulse Withstand Voltage	4 kV
Insulation Resistance (500V DC megger)	Between live and dead metal parts: 100 MΩ minimum Between terminals of different poles: 100 MΩ minimum
Contact Resistance	300 mΩ maximum (initial value, 1m cable) 500 mΩ maximum (initial value, 3m cable) 700 mΩ maximum (initial value, 5m cable)
Electric Shock Protection Class	Class II (IEC 61140)
Degree of Protection	IP67 (IEC 60529)
Shock Resistance	Operating extremes: 300 m/s² (30G) Damage limits: 1000 m/s² (100G)
Vibration Resistance	Operating extremes: 5 to 55 Hz, amplitude 0.5 mm Damage limits: 30 Hz, amplitude 1.5 mm
Actuator Operating Speed	0.05 to 1.0 m/s
Direct Opening Travel	8 mm minimum
Direct Opening Force	60N minimum
Operating Frequency	1200 operations/h
Mechanical Durability	1,000,000 operations minimum (GS-ET-15)
Electrical Durability	100,000 operations minimum (operating frequency 1200 operations/h, load AC-12 250V/1.5A, DC-12 250V/0.2A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (operating frequency 1200 operations/h,load 24V AC/DC, 100mA)
Conditional Short-circuit Current	50A (250V) (Use 250V/10A fast-blow fuse for short- circuit protection.)
Housing Color	Black
Cable	UL2464 No. 20 AWG (6-core)
Weight (approx.)	120g (HS6B-***01, cable length 1m) 270g (HS6B-***03, cable length 3m) 420g (HS6B-***05, cable length 5m)

For more information, visit http://eu.idec.com

Dimensions

Interlock Switch

10.4
10.1
5.5
15

R2.2
(58)
30
20
1
1
35
78
(9)

5.5
4
10.4
27.6*
4
(ø7.6)

* Actuator center position

Slot Plug (Note 1) (supplied)

Note 1: Plug the unused actuator entry slot using the slot plug supplied with the interlock switch.

Mounting Hole Layout

20 to 22

2-M4 Screws (ø4.3 or M4 tapped)

The interlock switch can be mounted in two directions.

Using the HS9Z-A61 Straight Actuator

(12.6±1)*
30.8
0.8
(5)
(30.1±1)*
(14)
50.8
0.8

Actuator Stop (Note 2) (supplied)

Using the HS9Z-A62 Right-angle Actuator

(21.4)
(5)
22.6±1*
40.1±1*
(14)
0.8
0.8
(41.4)

Actuator Stop (Note 2) (supplied)

Using the HS9Z-A65/A66 Angle Adjustable Actuator

(25)
28.8
22.6±1*
0.8
(25)
15.1±1*
0.8
48.8

Actuator Stop (Note 2) (supplied)
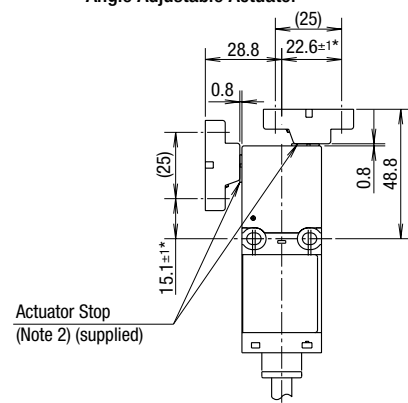
Note 2: Remove the actuator stop after mounting the actuator.

Contact Configuration and Operation Chart

Model	Contact Configuration		Contact Operation Chart
HS6B-11	1NC-1NO	11–12, 33–34 (Zb)	11-12 / 33-34
HS6B-02	2NC	11–12, 31–32 (Zb)	11-12 / 31-32
HS6B-12	2NC-1NO	11–12, 21–22, 33–34 (Zb)	11-12 / 21-22 / 33-34
HS6B-03	3NC	11–12, 21–22, 31–32 (Zb)	11-12 / 21-22 / 31-32

0.8 (Actuator Mounting Reference Position)
0   5.5 5.8   28.2 (Travel: mm)
: Contact ON (closed)
: Contact OFF (open)
Actuator inserted completely   Actuator removed completely

• The operation characteristics show the contact status when the actuator enters the entry slot of an interlock switch.

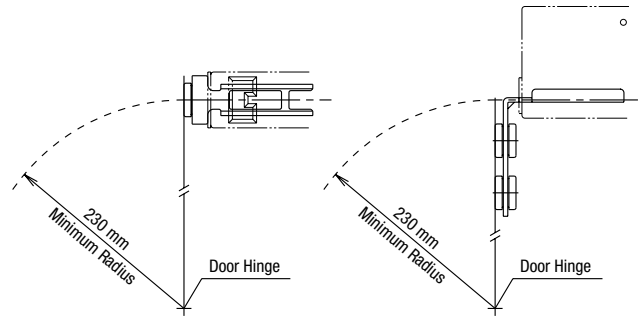• See E-010 for wiring.

HS6B Subminiature Interlock Switches

⚠ Safety Precautions

- In order to avoid electric shock or fire, turn power off before installation, removal, wiring, maintenance, or inspection of the interlock switch.
- If relays are used in the circuit between the interlock switch and the load, use only safety relays, since welded or sticking contacts of standard relays may invalidate the functions of the interlock switch. Perform a risk assessment and make a safety circuit which satisfies the requirements of the safety category.

- Do not place a PLC in the circuit between the interlock switch and the load. Safety security can be endangered in the event of a malfunction of the PLC.
- Do not disassemble or modify the interlock switch, otherwise a malfunction or an accident may occur.
- Do not install the actuator in the location where a human body may come into contact. Otherwise injury may occur.

Instructions

- Regardless of door types, do not use the interlock switch as a door stop. Install a mechanical door stop at the end of the door to protect the interlock switch against excessive force.
- Do not apply excessive shock to the interlock switch when opening or closing the door. A shock to the interlock switch exceeding 1,000 m/s^2 may cause damage to the interlock switch.
- If the operating atmosphere is contaminated, use a protective cover to prevent the entry of foreign objects into the interlock switch through the actuator entry slots.
- Entry of a considerable amount of foreign objects into the interlock switch may affect the mechanism of the interlock switch and cause a malfunction.
- Do not store the interlock switches in a dusty, humid, or organic-gas atmosphere.
- Use proprietary actuators only. When other actuators are used, the interlock switch may be damaged.
- Do not modify the actuator, otherwise it will damage the interlock switch.
- Cover the unused actuator entry slot using the slot plug supplied with the interlock switch.

Minimum Radius of Hinged Door

- When using the interlock switch on hinged doors, refer to the minimum radius of doors shown below. When using on doors with small minimum radius, use the angle adjustable actuator (HS9Z-A65 and HS9Z-A66).

Note: Because deviation or dislocation of hinged doors may occur in actual applications, make sure of the correct operation before installation.

When using the HS9Z-A62 Right-angle Actuator

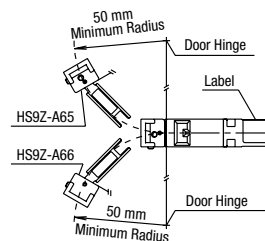- When the door hinge is on the extension line of the interlock switch surface:

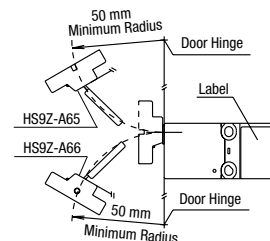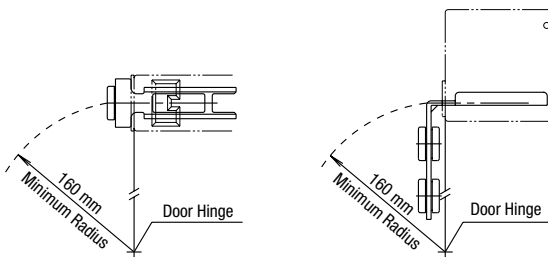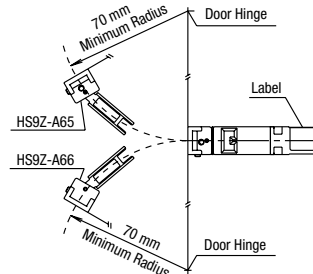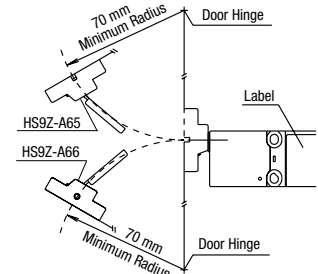- When the door hinged is on the extension line of the actuator mounting surface:

When using the HS9Z-A65/HS9Z-A66 Angle Adjustable Actuator

- When the door hinge is on the extension line of the interlock switch surface:

Horizontal Adjustment   Vertical Adjustment

- When the door hinge is on the extension line of the actuator mounting surface

Horizontal Adjustment   Vertical Adjustment

For more information, visit http://eu.idec.com

Instructions

**Actuator Angle Adjustment for the HS9Z-A65/HS9Z-A66**

- Using the angle adjustment screw, the actuator angle can be adjusted (see figures on page).
  Adjustable angle: 0 to 20°

- The larger the adjusted angle of the actuator, the smaller the applicable radius of the door opening.

- After installing the actuator, open the door. Then adjust the actuator so that its edge can enter properly into the actuator entry slot of the interlock switch.

- After adjusting the actuator angle, apply Loctite to the adjustment screw so that the screw will not become loose.

Mounting

Mount the interlock switch on a fixated machine or guard, and mount the actuator on the hinged door. Do not mount both interlock switch and actuator on hinged doors,otherwise, malfunction will occur.

Note: When mounting an actuator, make sure that the actuator enters into the slot in the correct direction, as shown on the right.
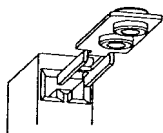
Recommended Screw Tightening Torque

- Interlock switch (M4 screw): 1.0 to 1.5 N·m

- Actuator (M4 screw): 1.0 to 1.5 N·m

- Mounting bolts are not supplied, and must be purchased separately by the user.

Note: The above recommended tightening torque of the mounting screw is the value with hex socket head bolts. When other screws are used and tightened to a smaller torque, make sure that the screws do not become loose after mounting.

Cable

- Do not fasten or loosen the gland at the bottom of the interlock switch.

- When bending cable during wiring, make sure that the cable radius is kept at 40 mm minimum.

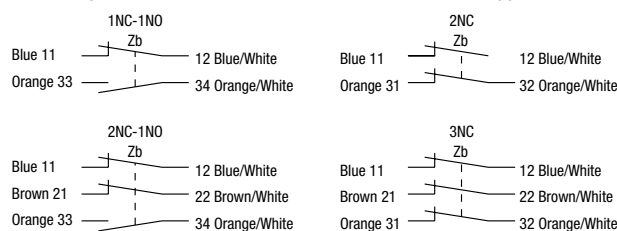- When wiring, make sure that water or oil does not enter from the end of cable.

Minimum Radius 40 mm
(100)
Gland
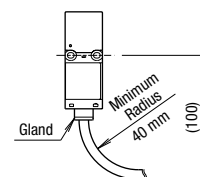
Wire Identification

- Wires can be identified by color and/or a white line printed on the wire.

No.	Insulation Color	No.	Insulation Color
1	Orange/White	4	Brown
2	Blue/White	5	Blue
3	Brown/White	6	Orange

Colored Insulation
Jacket
Dummy Insulation (black)
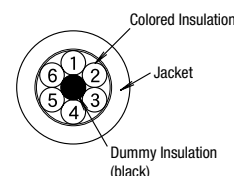
Terminal Number Identification

- When wiring, the terminal number on each contact can be identified by wire color.

- The following diagrams show a safety (main) contact and one or two auxiliary contacts for two-contact and three-contact types.

1NC-1NO
Zb
Blue 11 — 12 Blue/White
Orange 33 — 34 Orange/White

2NC
Zb
Blue 11 — 12 Blue/White
Orange 31 — 32 Orange/White

2NC-1NO
Zb
Blue 11 — 12 Blue/White
Brown 21 — 22 Brown/White
Orange 33 — 34 Orange/White

3NC
Zb
Blue 11 — 12 Blue/White
Brown 21 — 22 Brown/White
Orange 31 — 32 Orange/White

- When wiring, cut any dummy insulation (black) and any unused wires at the end of the jacket to avoid incorrect wiring.

HS6E Subminiature Interlock Switches with Solenoid

Small interlock switch with five poles and solenoid.
Ideal for applications in tight spaces.

- Compact body: 75 × 15 × 75 mm, 15-mm-wide
- Reversible mounting and angled cable allow four actuator insertion directions.
- Energy saving. 24V DC, 110 mA (solenoid: 100 mA, LED: 10 mA). Can be driven directly by a controller.
- Manual unlocking possible on three sides.
- LED indicator shows solenoid operation

Spring Lock
- Automatically locks the actuator without power applied to the solenoid.
- After the machine stops, unlocking is completed by the solenoid.
- Manual unlocking is possible on three sides in the event of power failure or maintenance.

Solenoid Lock
- The actuator is locked when energized.
- The actuator is unlocked when de-energized.
- Flexible locking function can be achieved, for an application where locking is not required and sudden stopping of a machine must be prevented.

Right-angle Actuator (SUS304)

Ratings

Contact Ratings

Rated Insulation Voltage (Ui) (Note 1)			300V (door monitor contact) 150V (lock monitor contact) 30V (between LED or solenoid and ground)		
Rated Thermal Current (Ith)			Operating temperature −25 to 35°C 2.5A (up to 2 circuits) 1.0A (3 or more circuits) Operating temperature 35 to 50°C 1.0A (1 circuit) 0.5A (2 or more circuits)		
Rated Voltage (Ue)			30V	125V	250V
Rated Current (Ie)*	Main & Lock Monitor Circuits / AC	Resistive load (AC-12)	—	2A	—
		Inductive Load (AC-15)	—	1A	—
	Main & Lock Monitor Circuits / DC	Resistive load (DC-12)	2A	0.4A	—
		Inductive Load (DC-13)	1A	0.22A	—
	Door Monitor Circuit / AC	Resistive load (AC-12)	—	2.5A	1.5A
		Inductive Load (AC-15)	—	1.5A	0.75A
	Door Monitor Circuit / DC	Resistive load (DC-12)	2.5A	1.1A	0.55A
		Inductive Load (DC-13)	2.3A	0.55A	0.27A

- Minimum applicable load (reference value): 3V AC/DC, 5 mA

Approved ratings

	TÜV	UL/c-UL	CCC
Door Monitor Contact	AC-15 240V/0.75A DC-13 250V/0.27A DC-13 30V/2.3A	240V AC/0.75A Pilot Duty 250V DC/0.27A Pilot Duty C300 Q300	AC-15 240V/0.75A DC-13 30V/2.3A
Lock Monitor Contact	AC-15 125V/1A DC-13 125V/0.22A DC-13 30V/1A	125V AC/1A Pilot Duty 125V DC/0.22A Pilot Duty DC-13 30V/1A Pilot Duty	AC-15 125V/1A DC-13 30V/1A

Solenoid/Indicator

Locking Mechanism		Spring Lock	Solenoid Lock
Rated Voltage		24V DC (100% duty cycle)	
Rated Current		110 mA (solenoid 100 mA, LED 10 mA) (initial value)	
Solenoid	Coil Resistance	240Ω (at 20°C)	
	Pickup Voltage	Rated voltage × 85% maximum (at 20°C)	
	Dropout Voltage	Rated voltage × 10% minimum (at 20°C)	
	Maximum Continuous Applicable Voltage	Rated voltage × 110%	
	Maximum Continuous Applicable Time	Continuous	
	Insulation Class	Class F	
Indicator	Light Source	LED	
	Illumination Color	Green	

Specifications

Applicable Standards	ISO14119 IEC60947-5-1 EN60947-5-1 (TÜV approved) EN1088 (TÜV approved) GS-ET-19 (TÜV approved) UL508 (c-UL listed) CSA C22.2 No. 14 (c-UL listed) GB14048.5 (CCC approved) KS C IEC60947-5-1/S1-G-1/S2-E-4 (KOSHA approved)
	IEC 60204-1/EN 60204-1 (applicable standards for use)
Operating Temperature	−25 to +50°C (no freezing)
Relative Humidity	45 to 85% (no condensation)
Storage Temperature	−40 to +80°C (no freezing)
Pollution Degree	3
Impulse Withstand Voltage	Main & lock monitor circuits: 1.5 KV Door monitor circuit: 2.5 kV Between solenoid/LED and ground: 0.5 kV
Insulation Resistance (500V DC megger)	Between live and dead metal parts: 100 MΩ minimum Between terminals of different poles: 100 MΩ minimum
Contact Resistance	300 mΩ maximum (initial value, 1m cable) 500 mΩ maximum (initial value, 3m cable) 700 mΩ maximum (initial value, 5m cable)
Electric Shock Protection	Class II (IEC 61140)
Degree of Protection	IP67 (IEC 60529)
Shock Resistance	Operating extremes: 100 m/s² (10G) Damage limits: 1000 m/s² (100G)
Vibration Resistance	Operating extremes: 10 to 55 Hz, amplitude 0.35 mm Damage limits: 30 Hz, amplitude 1.5 mm
Actuator Operating Speed	0.05 to 1.0 m/s
Direct Opening Travel	8.0 mm minimum
Direct Opening Force	60N minimum
Actuator Retention Force (*1)	500N minimum (GS-ET-19)
Operating Frequency	900 operations/h
Mechanical Durability	1,000,000 operations minimum (GS-ET-19)
Electrical Durability	100,000 operations minimum (rated load) 1,000,000 operations minimum (24V AC/DC, 100 mA) (operating frequency 900 operations/h)
Conditional Short-circuit Current	50A (250V) (Use 250V/10A fast-blow fuse for short-circuit protection.)
Cable	UL2464, No. 22 AWG (12-core: 0.3 mm² or equivalent/core)
Cable Diameter	ø7.6 mm
Weight (approx.)	220g (1m cable) 410g (3m cable) 600g (5m cable)

*1) See E-014 for actuator retention force.

For more information, visit http://eu.idec.com

Standard

Package Quantity: 1

Lock Mechanism	Circuit Number	Contact Configuration	Cable Length	Part No.
Spring Lock	L	(When inserted) (When ON) (+) A2 (−) A1 Main Circuit: 1NC+1NC, Door Monitor Circuit: 2NC Lock Monitor Circuit: 1NO Main Circuit: 11 12 41 42 Monitor Circuit: 21 22 53 54 Monitor Circuit: 31 32	1m	HS6E-L44B01-G
			3m	HS6E-L44B03-G
			5m	HS6E-L44B05-G
	M	Main Circuit: 1NC+1NC, Door Monitor Circuit: 2NC Lock Monitor Circuit: 1NC Main Circuit: 11 12 41 42 Monitor Circuit: 21 22 51 52 Monitor Circuit: 31 32	1m	HS6E-M44B01-G
			3m	HS6E-M44B03-G
			5m	HS6E-M44B05-G
	N	Main Circuit: 1NC+1NC, Door Monitor Circuit: 1NC, 1NO Lock Monitor Circuit: 1NO Main Circuit: 11 12 41 42 Monitor Circuit: 21 22 53 54 Monitor Circuit: 33 34	1m	HS6E-N44B01-G
			3m	HS6E-N44B03-G
			5m	HS6E-N44B05-G
	P	Main Circuit: 1NC+1NC, Door Monitor Circuit: 1NC, 1NO Lock Monitor Circuit: 1NC Main Circuit: 11 12 41 42 Monitor Circuit: 21 22 51 52 Monitor Circuit: 33 34	1m	HS6E-P44B01-G
			3m	HS6E-P44B03-G
			5m	HS6E-P44B05-G
Solenoid Lock	L	(When inserted) (When ON) (+) A2 (−) A1 Main Circuit: 1NC+1NC, Door Monitor Circuit: 2NC Lock Monitor Circuit: 1NO Main Circuit: 11 12 41 42 Monitor Circuit: 21 22 53 54 Monitor Circuit: 31 32	1m	HS6E-L7Y4B01-G
			3m	HS6E-L7Y4B03-G
			5m	HS6E-L7Y4B05-G
	M	Main Circuit: 1NC+1NC, Door Monitor Circuit: 2NC Lock monitor Circuit: 1NC Main Circuit: 11 12 41 42 Monitor Circuit: 21 22 51 52 Monitor Circuit: 31 32	1m	HS6E-M7Y4B01-G
			3m	HS6E-M7Y4B03-G
			5m	HS6E-M7Y4B05-G
	N	Main Circuit: 1NC+1NC, Door Monitor Circuit: 1NC, 1NO Lock Monitor Circuit: 1NO Main Circuit: 11 12 41 42 Monitor Circuit: 21 22 53 54 Monitor Circuit: 33 34	1m	HS6E-N7Y4B01-G
			3m	HS6E-N7Y4B03-G
			5m	HS6E-N7Y4B05-G
	P	Main Circuit: 1NC+1NC, Door Monitor Circuit: 1NC, 1NO Lock Monitor Circuit: 1NC Main Circuit: 11 12 41 42 Monitor Circuit: 21 22 51 52 Monitor Circuit: 33 34	1m	HS6E-P7Y4B01-G
			3m	HS6E-P7Y4B03-G
			5m	HS6E-P7Y4B05-G

- The contact configurations show the contact status when the actuator is inserted and locked.
- LED color is G (green) only.
- Actuators are not supplied with the interlock switch and must be ordered separately.
- See E-022 for wiring.

Safety Products

APEM
Switches & Pilot Lights
Control Boxes
Emergency Stop Switches
Enabling Switches
Safety Products
Explosion Proof
Terminal Blocks
Relays & Sockets
Circuit Protectors
Power Supplies
LED Illumination
Controllers
Operator Interfaces
Sensors
AUTO-ID

Interlock Switches
Non-contact Interlock Switches
Safety Laser Scanners
Safety Light Curtains
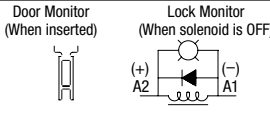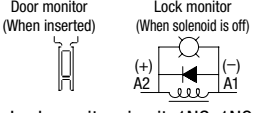Safety Modules

HS6B
HS6E
HS5D
HS5L
HS1L
Actuators for HS1/HS5/HS6
Actuators/Padlock Hasp

HS6E Subminiature Interlock Switches with Solenoid
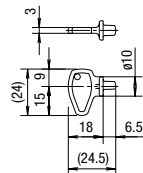
5-circuit Independent Output

Package Quantity: 1

Lock Mechanism	Circuit Number	Contact Configuration	Cable Length	Part No.
Spring Lock	VL	Door Monitor (When inserted) — Lock Monitor (When solenoid is OFF); (+) A2 (−) A1; Door monitor circuit: 3NC Lock monitor circuit: 1NC, 1NO; Monitor Circuit: 11–12 41–42; Monitor Circuit: 21–22 53–54; Monitor Circuit: 31–32	1m	HS6E-VL44B01-G
			3m	HS6E-VL44B03-G
			5m	HS6E-VL44B05-G
	VM	Door monitor circuit:3NC Lock monitor circuit: 2NC; Monitor Circuit: 11–12 41–42; Monitor Circuit: 21–22 51–52; Monitor Circuit: 31–32	1m	HS6E-VM44B01-G
			3m	HS6E-VM44B03-G
			5m	HS6E-VM44B05-G
	VN	Door monitor circuit: 2NC, 1NO Lock monitor circuit: 1NC, 1NO; Monitor Circuit: 11–12 41–42; Monitor Circuit: 21–22 53–54; Monitor Circuit: 33–34	1m	HS6E-VN44B01-G
			3m	HS6E-VN44B03-G
			5m	HS6E-VN44B05-G
	VP	Door monitor circuit: 2NC, 1NO Lock monitor circuit: 2NC; Monitor Circuit: 11–12 41–42; Monitor Circuit: 21–22 51–52; Monitor Circuit: 33–34	1m	HS6E-VP44B01-G
			3m	HS6E-VP44B03-G
			5m	HS6E-VP44B05-G
Solenoid Lock	VL	Door monitor (When inserted) — Lock monitor (When solenoid is off); (+) A2 (−) A1; Door monitor circuit: 3NC Lock monitor circuit: 1NC, 1NO; Monitor Circuit: 11–12 41–42; Monitor Circuit: 21–22 53–54; Monitor Circuit: 31–32	1m	HS6E-VL7Y4B01-G
			3m	HS6E-VL7Y4B03-G
			5m	HS6E-VL7Y4B05-G
	VM	Door monitor circuit: 3NC Lock monitor circuit: 2NC; Monitor Circuit: 11–12 41–42; Monitor Circuit: 21–22 51–52; Monitor Circuit: 31–32	1m	HS6E-VM7Y4B01-G
			3m	HS6E-VM7Y4B03-G
			5m	HS6E-VM7Y4B05-G
	VN	Door monitor circuit: 2NC, 1NO Lock monitor circuit: 1NC, 1NO; Monitor Circuit: 11–12 41–42; Monitor Circuit: 21–22 53–54; Monitor Circuit: 33–34	1m	HS6E-VN7Y4B01-G
			3m	HS6E-VN7Y4B03-G
			5m	HS6E-VN7Y4B05-G
	VP	Door monitor circuit: 2NC, 1NO Lock monitor circuit: 2NC; Monitor Circuit: 11–12 41–42; Monitor Circuit: 21–22 51–52; Monitor Circuit: 33–34	1m	HS6E-VP7Y4B01-G
			3m	HS6E-VP7Y4B03-G
			5m	HS6E-VP7Y4B05-G

• The contact configurations show the contact status when the actuator is inserted and locked.
• LED color is G (green) only.
• Actuators are not supplied with the interlock switch and must be ordered separately.
• See E-022 for wiring.

For more information, visit http://eu.idec.com

Actuator

Shape	Part No.	Remarks
Straight Actuator	HS9Z-A61	The retention force of HS9Z-A61 actuator is 500N maximum. Do no apply excessive load, otherwise the actuator may fall off the door.
Right-angle Actuator	HS9Z-A62	The retention force of HS9Z-A62 actuator is 100N maximum. Do no apply excessive load, otherwise the actuator may fall off the door. When retention force of 100N or more is required, use the HS9Z-A62S actuator.
Right-angle Actuator with Mounting Plate	HS9Z-A62S	The retention force of HS9Z-A62S actuator is 500N maximum. Do no apply excessive load, otherwise the actuator may fall off the door.
Horizontal/Vertical Angle Adjustable Actuator	HS9Z-A65	The HS9Z-A65 and HS9Z-A66 have the metal key installed in opposite directions. The retention force of HS9Z-A65 and HS9Z-A66 actuators is 500N maximum.
Horizontal/Vertical Angle Adjustable Actuator	HS9Z-A66	

• Select actuator by determining the required moving direction in consideration of the door and interlock switch. (See E-020 to E-021)
• See E-069 for details on actuators.

Part No. Development

H S 6 E - L 4 4 B 05 - G

Circuit Code

Main Circuit	Door Monitor Circuit	Lock Monitor Circuit
L: 1NC+1NC	2NC	1NO
M: 1NC+1NC	2NC	1NC
N: 1NC+1NC	1NC, 1NO	1NO
P: 1NC+1NC	1NC, 1NO	1NC
VL: —	3NC	1NC, 1NO
VM: —	3NC	2NC
VN: —	2NC, 1NO	1NC, 1NO
VP: —	2NC, 1NO	2NC

Solenoid Unit Voltage/Lock Mechanism
4:    24V DC/Spring Lock
7Y: 24V DC/Solenoid Lock

Indicator Color
G: green

Cable Length
01: 1m
03: 3m
05: 5m

Housing Color
B: Black

Indicator Voltage
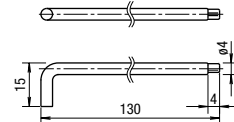4: 24V DC

Accessory

Description	Part No.
Manual Unlock Key (long)	HS9Z-T3

Manual Unlock Key (supplied) (plastic)

Manual Unlock Key (long) (metal)

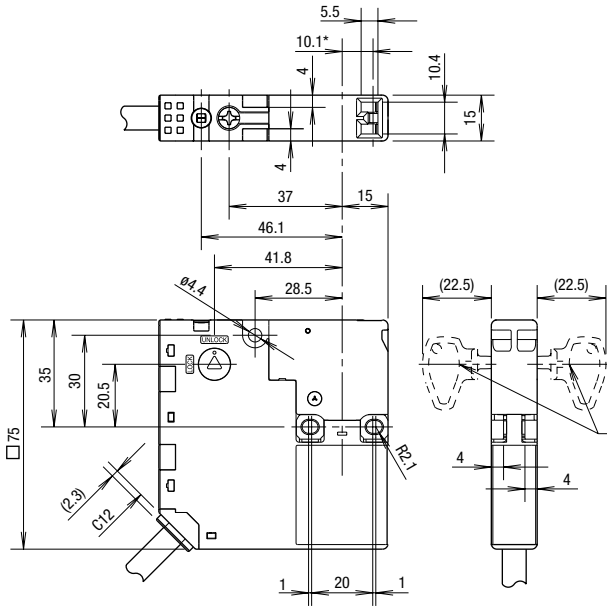All dimensions in mm.

⬇ **Download catalogs and CAD from http://eu.idec.com/downloads**

HS6E Subminiature Interlock Switches with Solenoid

Dimensions

Interlock Switch

* Actuator center

• Mounting Hole Layout

Hole for Manual Unlocking ø12 (reference)
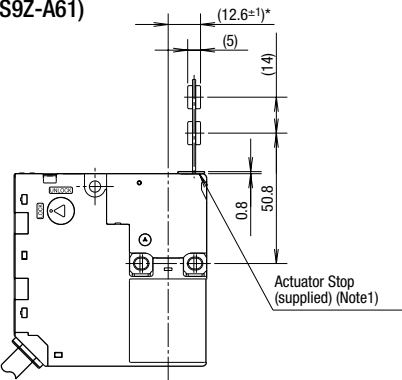
3-M4 Screw (ø4.3 or M4 tapped hole)

Use three mounting screws to install the interlock switch. The switch cannot be installed properly using only one or two screws, resulting in possible malfunction.
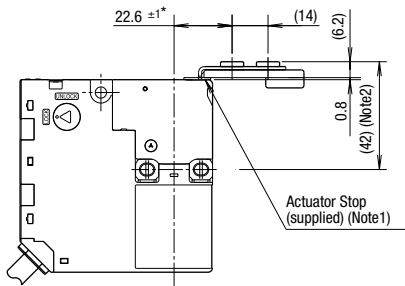
Manual Unlocking Key

3-M4 Screw (ø4.3 or M4 tapped hole)
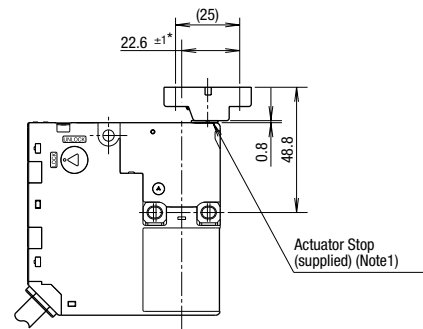
Hole for Manual Unlocking ø12 (reference)

When using straight actuator (HS9Z-A61)

Actuator Stop (supplied) (Note1)

When using right-angle actuator (HS9Z-A62S)

Actuator Stop (supplied) (Note1)

Note 1: Remove the actuator stop after mounting the actuator.
Note 2: 41.4 when using HS9Z-A62.

* The retention force of the HS9Z-A62 actuator is 100N. When tensile force exceeding 100N is expected, use the HS9Z-A62S actuator (with a mounting plate).

When using horizontal/vertical angle adjustable actuator (HS9Z-A65/A66)

Actuator Stop (supplied) (Note1)

Actuator Mounting Reference Position

As shown in the figure on the right, the mounting reference position of the actuator when inserted in the interlock switch is:
The actuator stop on the actuator lightly touches the interlock switch.
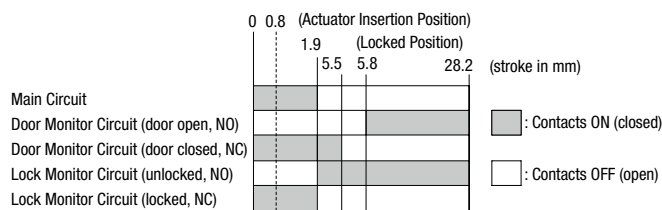Note: After mounting the actuator, remove the actuator stop from the actuator.

Interlock Switch

Door Stop

Actuator Stop

Door Stop

HS9Z-A61 Actuator

For more information, visit http://eu.idec.com
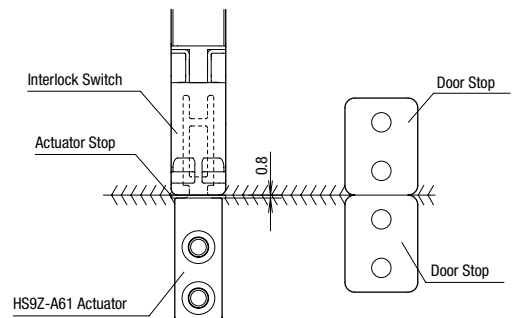
Circuit Diagrams and Operating Characteristics

Standard – Spring Lock

Interlock Switch Status			Status 1	Status 2	Status 3	Status 4	Unlocking using Manual Unlock Key
			• Door closed • Machine ready to operate • Solenoid de-energized	• Door closed • Machine cannot be operated • Solenoid energized	• Door open • Machine cannot be operated • Solenoid energized	• Door open • Machine cannot be operated • Solenoid de-energized	• Door closed • Machine cannot be operated • Solenoid de-energized
Door Status							Manually Unlocked
Circuit Diagram (Example: HS6E-N4)			(+)A2 ◄ (−)A1 11–12 41–42 21–22 53–54 33–34	(+)A2 ◄ (−)A1 11–12 41–42 21–22 53–54 33–34	(+)A2 ◄ (−)A1 11–12 41–42 21–22 53–54 33–34		(+)A2 ◄ (−)A1 11–12 41–42 21–22 53–54 33–34
Door			Closed (locked)	Closed (unlocked)	Open	Open	Closed (unlocked)
Model and Circuit Diagram	HS6E-L4	Main Circuit 11-42					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 31-32					
		Lock Monitor Circuit (unlocked) 53-54					
	HS6E-M4	Main Circuit 11-42					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 31-32					
		Lock Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52					
	HS6E-N4	Main Circuit 11-42					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door open) 33-34					
		Lock Monitor Circuit (unlocked) 53-54					
	HS6E-P4	Main Circuit 11-42					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door open) 33-34					
		Lock Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52					
Solenoid Power A1-A2 (all model)			OFF (de-energized)	ON (energized)	ON (energized)	OFF (de-energized)	OFF (de-energized)

HS6E-L4 circuit: (When inserted) Door Monitor, (When ON) Lock Monitor; (+)A2 ◄ (−)A1; Main Circuit: ⊖11–12 41–42; Monitor Circuit: ⊖21–22 53–54; Monitor Circuit: ⊖31–32

HS6E-M4 circuit: Main Circuit: ⊖11–12 41–42; Monitor Circuit: ⊖21–22 51–52; Monitor Circuit: ⊖31–32

HS6E-N4 circuit: Main Circuit: ⊖11–12 41–42; Monitor Circuit: ⊖21–22 53–54; Monitor Circuit: 33–34

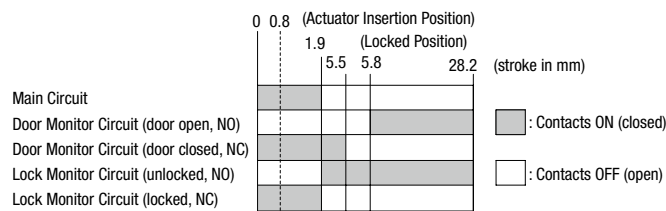HS6E-P4 circuit: Main Circuit: ⊖11–12 41–42; Monitor Circuit: ⊖21–22 51–52; Monitor Circuit: 33–34

Main circuit: Connected to the machine drive control circuit, sending the interlock signals of the protective door.
Monitor circuit: Sends the monitoring signals of open/closed and lock/unlocked statuses of the protective door.

Operation Characteristics (reference)

0 0.8 (Actuator Insertion Position)
1.9 (Locked Position)
5.5 5.8 28.2 (stroke in mm)

Main Circuit					
Door Monitor Circuit (door open, NO)					
Door Monitor Circuit (door closed, NC)					
Lock Monitor Circuit (unlocked, NO)					
Lock Monitor Circuit (locked, NC)					

▨ : Contacts ON (closed)
☐ : Contacts OFF (open)

• The characteristics shown in the chart above are of the HS9Z-A61, -A62, -A65, and -A66 actuators.
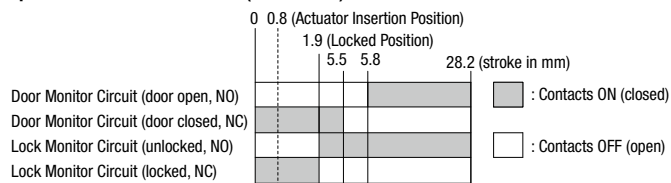   For the HS9Z-A62S actuator, subtract 0.6 mm.
• The characteristics show the contact status when the actuator enters an entry slot of an interlock switch.

HS6E Subminiature Interlock Switches with Solenoid

Standard – Solenoid Lock

Interlock Switch Status			Status 1	Status 2	Status 3	Status 4	Unlocking using Manual Unlock Key
			• Door closed • Machine ready to operate • Solenoid energized	• Door closed • Machine cannot be operated • Solenoid de-energized	• Door open • Machine cannot be operated • Solenoid de-energized	• Door open • Machine cannot be operated • Solenoid energized	• Door closed • Machine cannot be operated • Solenoid de-energized
Door Status							Manually Unlocked
Circuit Diagram (Example: HS6E-N7Y)							
Door			Closed (locked)	Closed (unlocked)	Open	Open	Closed (unlocked)
Model and Circuit Diagram	HS6E-L7Y	Main Circuit 11-42					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 31-32					
		Lock Monitor Circuit (unlocked) 53-54					
	HS6E-M7Y	Main Circuit 11-42					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 31-32					
		Lock Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52					
	HS6E-N7Y	Main Circuit 11-42					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door open) 33-34					
		Lock Monitor Circuit (unlocked) 53-54					
	HS6E-P7Y	Main Circuit 11-42					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door open) 33-34					
		Lock Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52					
Solenoid Power A1-A2 (all model)			ON (energized)	OFF (de-energized)	OFF (de-energized)	ON (energized) (Note 2)	OFF (de-energized) to ON (re-energized) (Note 1) (Note 2)

Main circuit: Connected to the machine drive control circuit, sending the interlock signals of the protective door.
Monitor circuit: Sends the monitoring signals of open/closed and lock/unlocked statuses of the protective door.
Note 1: Do not attempt manual unlocking while the solenoid is energized.
Note 2: Do not energize the solenoid for a long period of time while the door is open or while the door is unlocked manually using the manual unlock key.

Operation Characteristics (reference)

	0 0.8 (Actuator Insertion Position) 1.9 (Locked Position) 5.5 5.8 28.2 (stroke in mm)
Main Circuit	
Door Monitor Circuit (door open, NO)	
Door Monitor Circuit (door closed, NC)	
Lock Monitor Circuit (unlocked, NO)	
Lock Monitor Circuit (locked, NC)	

■ : Contacts ON (closed)

□ : Contacts OFF (open)

• The characteristics shown in the chart above are of the HS9Z-A61, -A62, -A65, and -A66 actuators.
  For the HS9Z-A62S actuator, subtract 0.6 mm.
• The characteristics show the contact status when the actuator enters an entry slot of an interlock switch.

For more information, visit http://eu.idec.com

5-circuit Independent Output – Spring Lock

Interlock Switch Status			Status 1	Status 2	Status 3	Status 4	Unlocking using Manual Unlock Key
			• Door closed • Machine ready to operate • Solenoid energized	• Door closed • Machine cannot be operated • Solenoid energized	• Door open • Machine cannot be operated • Solenoid energized	• Door open • Machine cannot be operated • Solenoid de-energized	• Door closed • Machine cannot be operated • Solenoid de-energized
Door Status							Manually unlocked
Circuit Diagram (Example: HS6E-VN4)							
Door			Closed (locked)	Closed (unlocked)	Open	Open	Closed (unlocked)
Model and Contact Configuration	HS6E-VL4	Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 31-32					
		Lock Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42					
		Lock Monitor Circuit (unlocked) 53-54					
	HS6E-VM4	Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 31-32					
		Lock Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42					
		Lock Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52					
	HS6E-VN4	Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door open) 33-34					
		Lock Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42					
		Lock Monitor Circuit (unlocked) 53-54					
	HS6E-VP4	Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22					
		Door Monitor Circuit (door open) 33-34					
		Lock Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42					
		Lock Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52					
Solenoid Power A1-A2 (all model)			OFF (de-energized)	ON (energized)	ON (energized)	OFF (de-energized)	OFF (de-energized)

Monitor circuit: Sends the monitoring signals of open/closed and lock/unlocked statuses of the protective door.

Operation Characteristics (reference)

0   0.8 (Actuator Insertion Position)
1.9 (Locked Position)
5.5   5.8
28.2 (stroke in mm)

Door Monitor Circuit (door open, NO)	▨ : Contacts ON (closed)
Door Monitor Circuit (door closed, NC)	
Lock Monitor Circuit (unlocked, NO)	☐ : Contacts OFF (open)
Lock Monitor Circuit (locked, NC)	

• The characteristics shown in the chart above are of the HS9Z-A61, -A62, -A65, and -A66 actuators.
  For the HS9Z-A62S actuator, subtract 0.6 mm.
• The characteristics show the contact status when the actuator enters an entry slot of an interlock switch.

HS6E Subminiature Interlock Switches with Solenoid

5-circuit Independent Output – Solenoid Lock

		Status 1	Status 2	Status 3	Status 4	When using Manual Unlock Key
Interlock Switch Status		• Door closed • Machine ready to operate • Solenoid energized	• Door closed • Machine cannot be operated • Solenoid de-energized	• Door closed • Machine cannot be operated • Solenoid de-energized	• Door open • Machine cannot be operated • Solenoid energized	• Door closed • Machine cannot be operated • Solenoid de-energized → energized
Doot Status						Manually unlocked
Circuit Diagram (Example: HS6E-VN7Y)						
Door		Closed (locked)	Closed (unlocked)	Open	Open	Closed (unlocked)
Model and Contact Configuration	**HS6E-VL7Y** Door Monitor (When inserted) Lock Monitor When ON Monitor Circuit: ⊕11–12 41–42 Monitor Circuit: ⊕21–22 53–54 Monitor Circuit: ⊖31–32	Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12				
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22				
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 31-32				
		Lock Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42				
		Lock Monitor Circuit (unlocked) 53-54				
	HS6E-VM7Y Monitor Circuit: ⊕11–12 41–42 Monitor Circuit: ⊕21–22 51–52 Monitor Circuit: ⊖31–32	Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12				
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22				
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 31-32				
		Lock Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42				
		Lock Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52				
	HS6E-VN7Y Monitor Circuit: ⊕11–12 41–42 Monitor Circuit: ⊕21–22 53–54 Monitor Circuit: 33–34	Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12				
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22				
		Door Monitor Circuit (door open) 33-34				
		Lock Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42				
		Lock Monitor Circuit (unlocked) 53-54				
	HS6E-VP7Y Monitor Circuit: ⊕11–12 41–42 Monitor Circuit: ⊕21–22 51–52 Monitor Circuit: 33–34	Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12				
		Door Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22				
		Door Monitor Circuit (door open) 33-34				
		Lock Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42				
		Lock Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52				
Solenoid Power A1-A2 (all model)		ON (energized)	OFF (de-energized)	OFF (de-energized)	ON (energized) (Note 2)	(Note 1) (Note 2) OFF (de-energized) → ON (energized)

Monitor circuit: Sends the monitoring signals of open/closed and lock/unlocked statuses of the protective door.

Note 1: Do not attempt manual unlocking while the solenoid is energized.

Note 2: Do not energize the solenoid for a long period of time while the door is open or while the door is unlocked manually using the manual unlock key.

Operation Characteristics (reference)

0 0.8 (Actuator Insertion Position)
1.9 (Locked Position)
5.5 5.8
28.2 (stroke in mm)

Door Monitor Circuit (door open, NO)	: Contacts ON (closed)
Door Monitor Circuit (door closed, NC)	
Lock Monitor Circuit (unlocked, NO)	: Contacts OFF (open)
Lock Monitor Circuit (locked, NC)	

• The characteristics shown in the chart above are of the HS9Z-A61, -A62, -A65, and -A66 actuators.
  For the HS9Z-A62S actuator, subtract 0.6 mm.
• The characteristics show the contact status when the actuator enters an entry slot of an interlock switch.

For more information, visit http://eu.idec.com

⚠ Safety Precautions

- In order to avoid electric shock or fire, turn power off before installation, removal, wiring, maintenance, or inspection of the interlock switch.

- If relays are used in the circuit between the interlock switch and the load, use only safety relays, since welded or sticking contacts of standard relays may invalidate the functions of the interlock switch. Perform a risk assessment and make a safety circuit which satisfies the requirements of the safety category.

- Do not place a PLC in the circuit between the interlock switch and the load. Safety security can be endangered in the event of a malfunction of the PLC.

- Do not disassemble or modify the interlock switch, otherwise a malfunction or an accident may occur.

- Do not install the actuator in a location where a human body may come into contact. Otherwise injury may occur.

- Solenoid lock is locked when energized, and unlocked when de-energized. When energization is interrupted due to wire disconnection or other failures, the interlock switch may be unlocked causing possible danger to the operators. Solenoid lock must not be used in applications where locking is strictly required for safety. Perform a risk assessment and determine whether solenoid lock is appropriate.

Instructions

- Regardless of door types, do not use the interlock switch as a door stop. Install a mechanical door stop at the end of the door to protect the interlock switch against excessive force.

- Do not apply excessive shock to the interlock switch when opening or closing the door. A shock to the interlock switch exceeding 1,000 m/s² may cause damage to the interlock switch.

- When unlocking, the switch may not be unlocked if a load is applied to the actuator.

- If the operating atmosphere is contaminated, use a protective cover to prevent the entry of foreign objects into the interlock switch through the actuator entry slots.

- Entry of a considerable amount of foreign objects into the interlock switch may affect the mechanism of the interlock switch and cause a malfunction.

- Do not store the interlock switches in a dusty, humid, or organic-gas atmosphere, or in an area subjected to direct sunlight.

- Use dedicated actuators only. When other actuators are used, the interlock switch may be damaged.

- For correct operation, install the interlock switch on a flat surface and provide sufficient strength to the surface so that it is not disfigured. Do not insert any object between the interlock switch and installation surface.

- Do not cut the actuator. modification of the actuator may cause damage.

- The locking strength is rated at 500N. Do not apply a load higher than the rated value. When a higher load is expected, provide an additional system consisting of another interlock switch without lock (such as the HS6B/HS7A interlock switch) or a sensor to detect door opening and stop the machine.

- Regardless of door types, do not use the interlock switch as a door lock. Install a separate lock using a latch or other measures.

- While the solenoid is energized, the switch temperature rises approximately 35°C above the ambient temperature (to approximately 85°C while the ambient temperature is 50°C). Do not touch to prevent burns. If cables come into contact with the switch, use heat-resistant cables.

- Solenoid has polarity. Be sure of correct polarity when wiring, otherwise solenoid will be damaged. Do not apply voltage over the rated voltage, otherwise the solenoid will be burnt.

- Bouncing will occur on the lock monitor contact during locking and unlocking (reference value: 20 ms).

- Although the HS9Z-A61/A62/A62S actuators alleviate shock when the actuator enters a slot in the interlock switch, make sure that excessive shock is not applied.
If the rubber bushings become deformed or cracked, replace with new ones.

Minimum Radius of Hinged Door

- When using the interlock switch on hinged doors, refer to the minimum radius of doors shown below. When using on doors with small minimum radius, use the angle adjustable actuator (HS9Z-A65 and HS9Z-A66).

Note: Because deviation or dislocation of hinged doors may occur in actual applications, make sure of the correct operation before installation.

When Using the HS9Z-A62/A62S Right-angle Actuator

- When the door hinge is on the extension line of the interlock switch surface:

Minimum Radius 160 mm — Door Hinge
Minimum Radius 160 mm — Door Hinge

- When the door hinge is on the extension line of the actuator mounting surface:
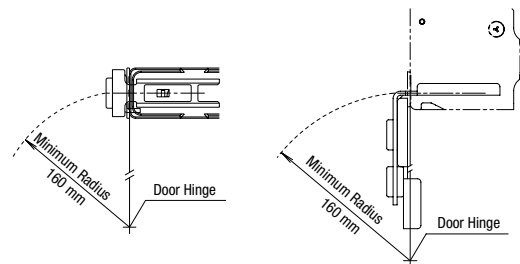
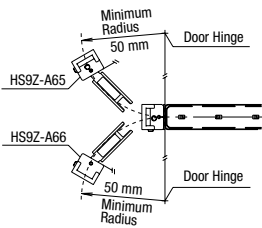Minimum Radius 230 mm — Door Hinge
Minimum Radius 230 mm — Door Hinge
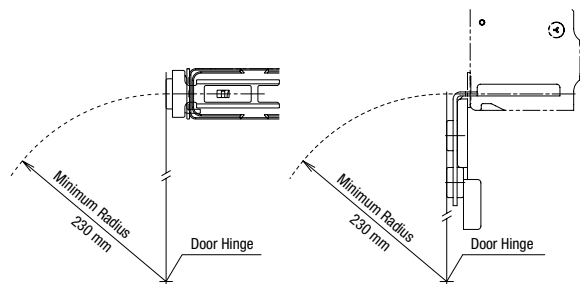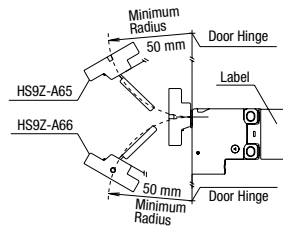
HS6E Subminiature Interlock Switches with Solenoid

When using the HS9Z-A65/HS9Z-A66 Angle Adjustable Actuator

• When the door hinge is on the extension line of the interlock switch surface
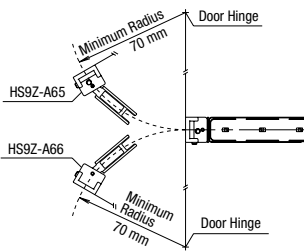
Horizontal Adjustment

Vertical Adjustment
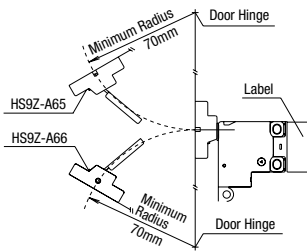

• When the door hinge is on the extension line of the actuator mounting surface

Horizontal Adjustment

Vertical Adjustment

Actuator Angle Adjustment for the HS9Z-A65/HS9Z-A66

• Using the angle adjustment screw, the actuator angle can be adjusted (see figures on E-070).
  Adjustable angle: 0 to 20°
• The larger the adjusted angle of the actuator, the smaller the applicable radius of the door opening.
• After installing the actuator, open the door. Then adjust the actuator so that its edge can enter properly into the actuator entry slot of the interlock switch.
• After adjusting the actuator angle, apply Loctite to the adjustment screw so that the screw will not become loose.

Mounting Examples

Mount the interlock switch on a fixated machine or guard, and mount the actuator on the hinged door. Do not mount both interlock switch and actuator on hinged doors, otherwise malfunction will occur.

Application on Sliding Doors
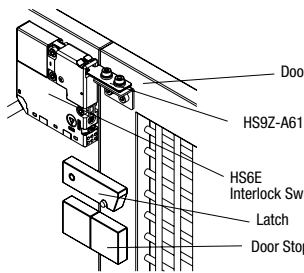
Application on Hinged Doors
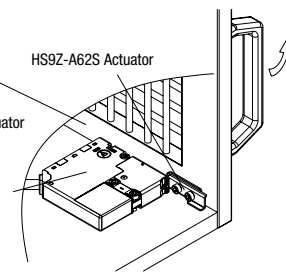
Note: When mounting an actuator, make sure that the actuator enters the slot in the correct direction, as shown on the right.
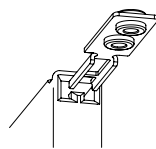
For Manual Unlocking

Spring lock
The HS6E allows manual unlocking of the actuator to pre-check proper door operation before wiring or turning power on, as well as for emergency use such as a power failure.
Solenoid lock
The HS6E can be unlocked manually in emergency.

When using the manual unlock key
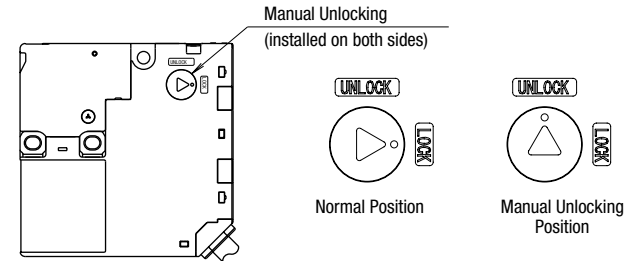
• When locking or unlocking the interlock switch manually, turn the key fully using the manual unlock key supplied with the switch.
• Using the interlock switch with the key not fully turned (less than 90°) may cause damage to the interlock switch or operation failures (when manually unlocked, the switch will keep the main circuit disconnected and the door unlocked).
• Do not apply excessive force (0.45 N·m or more) to the manual unlock part, otherwise the manual unlock part will become damaged.
• Do not leave the manual unlock key attached to the switch during operation. This is dangerous because the switch can always be unlocked while the machine is in operation.

Manual Unlock Key
(supplied with the interlock switch)

When unlocking pushing the plate inside the interlock switch

• Remove the screw at the side of the interlock switch (the same side where actuator is inserted) and insert a small screwdriver.
• Push the plate inside the interlock switch toward the LED indicator using the screwdriver until the actuator is unlocked.
• Tighten the screw to a proper torque (0.3 to 0.5 N·m). Do not tighten with excessive force, otherwise the interlock switch will be damaged. Be sure to reinstall the screw, otherwise the waterproof capability will be lost.

Screwdriver

Caution
Before manually unlocking the interlock switch, make sure that the machine has come to a complete stop. Manual unlocking during operation may unlock the interlock switch before the machine stops, and the function of the interlock switch with solenoid is lost. While the solenoid is energized, do not unlock the switch manually (solenoid lock).

For more information, visit http://eu.idec.com

Recommended Tightening Torque of Mounting Screws

- Interlock switch: 1.0 to 1.5 N·m (three M4 screws)
- Actuators: 1.0 to 1.5 N·m (two M4 screws)
- The above recommended tightening torques of the mounting screws are the values with hex socket head bolts. When other screws are used and tightened to a smaller torque, make sure that the screws do not become loose after mounting.
- Mounting bolts are not supplied with the interlock and must be supplied by the user.
- To avoid unauthorized or unintended removal of the interlock switch and the actuator, it is recommended that the interlock switch and the actuator are installed in an unremovable manner, for example using special screws, rivets, or welding the screws.
- When installing the HS9Z-A62S actuator, use the mounting plate (supplied with the actuator) on the hinged door, and secure the actuator tightly using two M4 screws.
- The mounting plate has orientation.
- Do not lose the mounting plate.
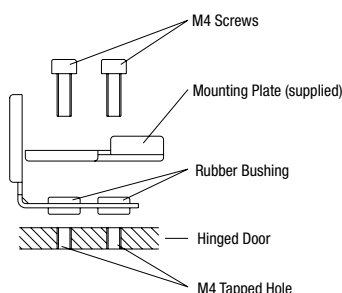
Cables

- Do not fasten or loosen the gland at the bottom of the interlock switch.
- When bending the cable during wiring, make sure that the cable radius is kept at 30 mm minimum.
- When wiring, make sure that water or oil does not enter from the end of the cable.
- Do not open the lid of the interlock switch. Otherwise the interlock switch will be damaged.
- The solenoid has polarity. Make sure of the correct polarity when wiring.
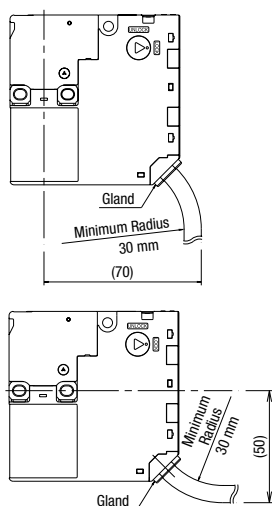
Wire Identification

- Wires can be identified by the color and or a white line printed on the wire.

No.	Insulation Color	No.	Insulation Color
1	Blue/White	7	White
2	Gray	8	Black
3	Pink	9	Pink/White
4	Orange	10	Brown/White
5	Orange/White	11	Brown
6	Gray/White	12	Blue

Note: Wires of gray or gray/white are not used and should not be connected.
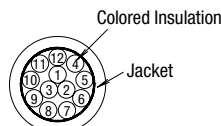
Terminal Number Identification

- When wiring, identify the terminal number of each contact by the color of insulation.
- The following table shows the identification of terminal numbers.
- When wiring, cut unused wires at the end of the jacket to avoid incorrect wiring.

Note: The contact arrangements show the contact status when the actuator is inserted and locked.